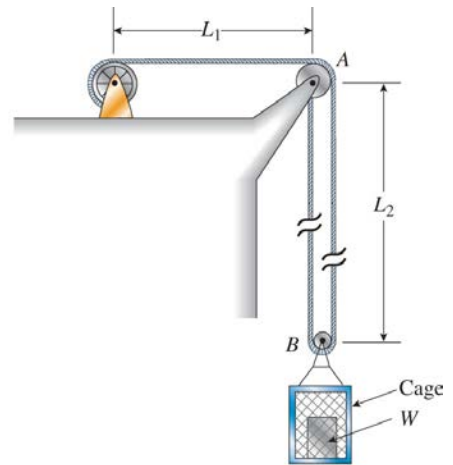


材料力學 作業 3

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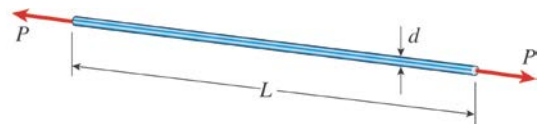
2.2-4 By what distance h does the cage shown in the figure move downward when the weight W is placed inside it? (See the figure)

Consider only the effects of the stretching of the cable, which has axial rigidity $EA = 10,700 \text{ kN}$. The pulley at A has diameter $d_A = 300 \text{ mm}$ and the pulley at B has diameter $d_B = 150 \text{ mm}$. Also, the distance $L_1 = 4.6 \text{ m}$, the distance $L_2 = 10.5 \text{ m}$, and the weight $W = 22 \text{ kN}$. (Note: When calculating the length of the cable, include the parts of the cable that go around the pulleys at A and B .)



2.2-9 An aluminum wire having a diameter $d = 2 \text{ mm}$ and length $L = 3.8 \text{ m}$ is subjected to a tensile load P (see figure). The aluminum has modulus of elasticity $E = 75 \text{ GPa}$.

If the maximum permissible elongation of the wire is 3 mm and the allowable stress in tension is 60 MPa , what is the allowable load P_{\max} ?

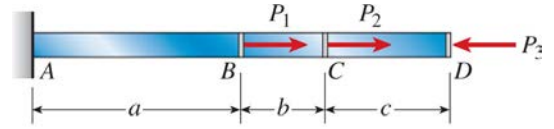


2.3-3 An aluminum bar AD (see figure) has a crosssectional area of $A = 250\text{mm}^2$ and is loaded by forces $P_1 = 7560\text{ N}$, $P_2 = 5340\text{ N}$, and $P_3 = 5780\text{ N}$. The lengths of the segments of the bar are $a = 1525\text{ mm}$, $b = 610\text{ mm}$, and $c = 910\text{ mm}$.

(a) Assuming that the modulus of elasticity $E = 72\text{ GPa}$, calculate the change in length of the bar. Does the bar elongate or shorten?

(b) By what amount P should the load P_3 be increased so that the bar does not change in length when the three loads are applied?

(c) If P_3 remains at 5780 N , what revised cross-sectional area for segment AB will result in no change of length when all three loads are applied?

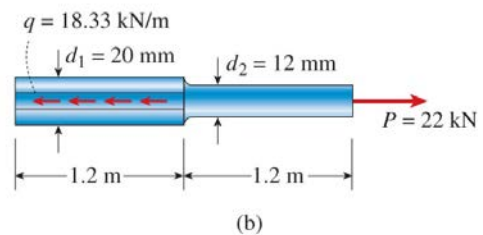
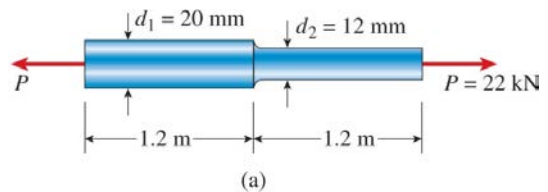


2.3-7 A steel bar 2.4 m long has a circular cross section of diameter $d_1 = 20\text{ mm}$ over one-half of its length and diameter $d_2 = 12\text{ mm}$ over the other half (see figure part a). The modulus of elasticity $E = 205\text{ GPa}$.

(a) How much will the bar elongate under a tensile load $P = 22\text{ kN}$?

(b) If the same volume of material is made into a bar of constant diameter d and length 2.4 m , what will be the elongation under the same load P ?

(c) If the uniform axial centroidal load $q = 18.33\text{ kN/m}$ is applied to the left over segment 1 (see figure part b), find the ratio of the total elongation of the bar to that in parts (a) and (b).



2.3-9 A wood pile, driven into the earth, supports a load P entirely by friction along its sides (see figure part a). The friction force f per unit length of pile is assumed to be uniformly distributed over the surface of the pile. The pile has length L , cross-sectional area A , and modulus of elasticity E .

(a) Derive a formula for the shortening δ of the pile in terms of P , L , E , and A .

(b) Draw a diagram showing how the compressive stress σ_c varies throughout the length of the pile.

(c) Repeat parts (a) and (b) if skin friction f varies linearly

